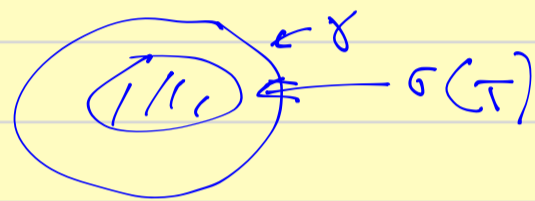


Dunford calculus.

- Reminder: analytic operator functions

- $T \in \mathcal{L}(X) \rightarrow \mathcal{F}(T) = \{ \text{functions analytic in a neighborhood of } \sigma(T) \}$

- $f \in \mathcal{F}(T) \Rightarrow f(T) := \frac{1}{2i\pi} \int_{\gamma} f(\lambda) R(\lambda, T) d\lambda$



- Correctness of definition

- Addition, multiplication
- Spectral mapping theorem

- Exercise: $\sigma(T) = \overline{\sigma(T^*)}$;
 - $f \in \mathcal{F}(T) \Rightarrow f(T)^* = g(T^*)$ where $g(\lambda) = \overline{f(\bar{\lambda})}$.

- Composition theorem