

SEVENTH WEEK HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT

Problem 1. Prove that if $E \subset \mathbb{R}^d$ is Lebesgue measurable, then for any subset S of \mathbb{R}^d we have

$$m^*(S) = m^*(S \cap E) + m^*(S \setminus E).$$

Hint: We have already established this property in class for *bounded* sets. You only need to use the “larger and larger” boxes trick to extend this property to unbounded sets.

Problem 2. Prove that if s and σ are simple functions on \mathbb{R}^d , and if $c \in \mathbb{R}$, then $s + \sigma$, $s - \sigma$, $s \cdot \sigma$ and cs are also simple functions.

Hint: The only tricky part is $s \cdot \sigma$. Use (after convincing yourselves that it is true) the following simple property of indicator functions:

$$\mathbf{1}_E \cdot \mathbf{1}_F = \mathbf{1}_{E \cap F}.$$

Problem 3. Prove that if s and σ are nonnegative simple functions on \mathbb{R}^d and if $c \in [0, \infty]$, then

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} (s + \sigma)(x) dx &= \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} s(x) dx + \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} \sigma(x) dx. \\ \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} c s(x) dx &= c \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} s(x) dx. \end{aligned}$$