

Introduction to Topology.

Exercise sheet 4: Connected and path connected topological spaces

Exercise 1. Let X be a topological space, and let $A \subset B \subseteq \bar{A}$ be subspaces of X .

i) Prove that if A is connected so is B .

ii) Show that $[a, b)$, $(a, b]$, $(-\infty, b]$ and $[b, \infty)$ are all connected in \mathbb{R} .

Exercise 2. Let X be a topological space, and consider $I = [0, 1]$ as a subspace of \mathbb{R} where \mathbb{R} is given the standard topology. Furthermore, let the cone on X be quotient space $CX = X \times I / \sim$, where \sim is the equivalence relation on the product space $X \times I$ given by $(x, 0) \sim (x', 0)$ for all $x, x' \in X$. Show that CX is path-connected.

Exercise 3. Let X, Y be a pair of topological spaces. We define the disjoint union $X \coprod Y$ as the topological spaces whose underlying set is the disjoint union of X and Y and whose opens V are of the form $V = U_X \coprod U_Y$ for $U_X \subseteq X$ and $U_Y \subseteq Y$ open sets. Prove the following:

i) Show that $X \coprod Y$ defines a topological space.

ii) Show that given a topological space Z and a pair of continuous maps $f : X \rightarrow Z$ and $g : Y \rightarrow Z$ there exists a unique continuous map $f \coprod g : X \coprod Y \rightarrow Z$ that restricts to f and g at each factor.

iv) Generalise this exercise for infinite coproducts.

Exercise 4. Let $x \in X$. We define C_x the connected component of X at x as the union of all connected sets containing x . Prove the following:

- i) For every $x \in X$, the subset C_x is connected and closed.
- ii) Show that given $x \neq y$ if $C_x \cap C_y \neq \emptyset$ then $C_x = C_y$.
- iii) We define a relation $x \sim y$ if and only if $C_x = C_y$. Show that \sim defines an equivalence relation and conclude that $\text{Con}(X) = X / \sim = *$ if and only if X is connected.
- iv) Show that the only connected subsets of \mathbb{Q} are the singletons $\{q\}$ for $q \in \mathbb{Q}$. Conclude that X is not in general homeomorphic to the disjoint union of its connected components.
- *) Show that if for every $x \in X$ there exists a connected neighbourhood of X then

$$X \simeq \coprod_{[x] \in \text{Con}(X)} C_x$$

Exercise 5. Let $x \in X$. We define P_x (the path connected component of X at x) as the set of points $y \in X$ such that there exists a path $\gamma : [0, 1] \rightarrow X$ such that $\gamma(0) = x$ and $\gamma(1) = y$.

- Show that for every $x \in X$ we have $P_x \subseteq C_x$.
- Show that the relation $x \sim y$ if $y \in P_x$ defines an equivalence relation.
- Show that $\text{PCon}(X) = X / \sim = *$ if and only if X is path connected.

Exercise 6. Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ and $g : Y \rightarrow X$ be a pair of continuous maps and suppose that for every $x \in X$ there exists a path from x to $g \circ f(x)$. Show that if Y is path connected so is X .

Exercise 7. Show that a subspace of \mathbb{R} is connected if and only if it is an interval.