



Contact during the exam:
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Exam in TMA4190 MANIFOLDS
English
Tuesday June 6, 2006
Time: 09.00-13.00

Permitted aids: Code D

Grades: June 27, 2006

Problem 1

- a) What does it mean for a topological space to be Hausdorff?
- b) Show that a topological space X is Hausdorff if and only if the diagonal
$$\Delta = \{(x, x) | x \in X\} \subseteq X \times X$$
is closed.
- c) Let X and Y be topological spaces, and let $f: X \rightarrow Y$ be a continuous function. Show that if Y is Hausdorff, then the graph $\Gamma_f = \{(x, f(x)) | x \in X\} \subseteq X \times Y$ is closed.

Problem 2

- a) Give the definition of a submanifold of a smooth manifold.
Let M and N be smooth manifolds, and let $f: M \rightarrow N$ be a smooth map.
- b) What is a regular point of f , and what is a regular value of f ?
- c) Let $q \in f(M)$ be a regular value of f . Show that $f^{-1}(q) \subseteq M$ is a submanifold.
- d) Use c) to show that $\mathbb{S}^n \subseteq \mathbb{R}^{n+1}$ is a submanifold.

Problem 3

- a) Define imbedding and immersion.
- b) Let the map $f: (-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ be given by $f(t) = (\sin 2t, \cos t)$. Show that f is an immersion. Is f an imbedding?

Problem 4 In this problem we identify the tangent space $T_A \text{GL}(n, \mathbb{R})$ with the set of $n \times n$ -matrices by mapping $[\alpha]$ to $\alpha'(0)$.

- a) Show that the determinant $\det: \text{GL}(n, \mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is differentiable and has differential $d_A \det: T_A \text{GL}(n, \mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ given by $(d_A \det)(B) = \det A \text{tr}(A^{-1}B)$. Here the trace is given by $\text{tr}A = \sum_{i=1}^n a_{ii}$.
- b) Show that the function $i: \text{GL}(n, \mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \text{GL}(n, \mathbb{R})$ given by $i(A) = A^{-1}$ is differentiable, and find $d_A i: T_A \text{GL}(n, \mathbb{R}) \rightarrow T_{i(A)} \text{GL}(n, \mathbb{R})$.