



Contact during the exam:  
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## EXAM IN TMA4185 CODING THEORY

English

Saturday, May 29 2010

Time: 0900-1300

Sensurdato: June 19 2010

Any printed or hand-written material is allowed during the exam.

An approved, simple calculator is allowed.

**All subproblems have equal weight. Show your work.**

**Problem 1** Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be the code generated by the rows of the matrix

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- Find a generator matrix  $G'$  on standard form. What is the dimension of the code? Use  $G'$  to encode  $(1, 1, 1, 0)$ .
- Find a parity check matrix for the code. What is the code's minimum distance?
- The sender used  $G'$  to encode. We received  $y = (1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1)$ . Find the nearest code word, any error vector and the message.

**Problem 2** Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be a cyclic code of length 15 over  $\mathbb{F}_2$ . Let  $\alpha$  be a primitive element in  $\mathbb{F}_{2^4}$  that satisfies  $\alpha^4 + \alpha + 1 = 0$ .

- a) Describe all such cyclic codes (e.g. by giving generating polynomials).

Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be the code with generating polynomial  $g(x) = x^8 + x^7 + x^6 + x^4 + 1$ .

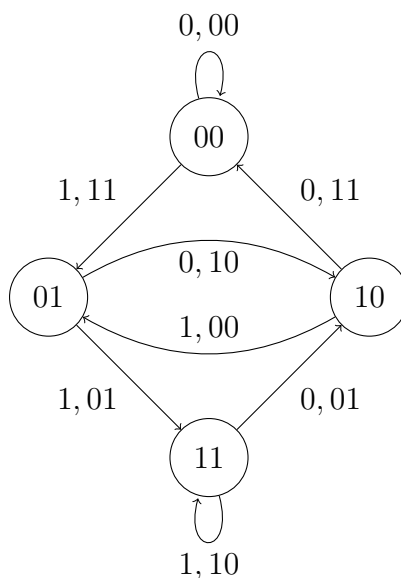
- b) What is the dimension of the code? Show that the code's minimum distance is at least 5. Describe the code's dual.
- c) Use the Berlekamp-Massey algorithm to show that the sequence  $s_0 = \alpha^3 + \alpha^2$ ,  $s_1 = \alpha^3 + \alpha^2 + \alpha + 1$ ,  $s_2 = \alpha^2 + \alpha$ ,  $s_3 = \alpha^3 + \alpha$  is generated by the linear recurrence

$$s_{N+1} = (\alpha^3 + \alpha^2)s_N + (\alpha^2 + \alpha)s_{N-1}.$$

Hint: The Berlekamp-Massey algorithm is given in the appendix.

- d) We received  $y(x) = x^{12} + x^{11} + x^9 + x^8 + x^7 + x^3 + 1$ . Compute the first four syndromes. Use these to find the error locator polynomial  $C(D)$  and the error vector  $e(x)$ . Given that we encode using  $c(x) = m(x)g(x)$ , decode  $y(x)$ .

**Problem 3** The convolutional code  $\mathcal{C}$  is given by the state machine



- a) Give generating polynomials for the convolution code. Encode the message 01100.
- b) Use Trellis decoding to decode 11 10 10 10 01 10 11.

## Appendix

### The Berlekamp-Massey

In: A sequence  $s_0, s_1, \dots, s_{n-1}$  of elements from  $\mathbb{F}_{2^r}$ .

Out: A linear recurrence for the sequence given by  $C(D) = 1 + \sum_{i=1}^L c_i D^i$ .

1. Start with  $C(D) = 1$ ,  $L = 0$ ,  $m = -1$ ,  $B(D) = 1$ ,  $\Delta = 1$ ,  $\Delta' = 1$ .
2. For  $N$  from 0 to  $n - 1$ , inclusive, do:
  - (a) Compute the discrepancy  $\Delta = s_N + \sum_{i=1}^L c_i s_{N-i}$ .
  - (b) If  $\Delta \neq 0$ :
    - i. Remember the old recurrence:  $T(D) \leftarrow C(D)$ .
    - ii. Compute the new recurrence:  $C(D) \leftarrow C(D) + B(D) \cdot D^{N-m} \cdot \Delta/\Delta'$ .
    - iii. If  $L \leq N/2$ :
      - A. Compute new length:  $L \leftarrow N + 1 - L$ .
      - B. Remember where the length last changed:  $m \leftarrow N$ ,  $\Delta' \leftarrow \Delta$ ,  $B(D) \leftarrow T(D)$ .