

Exercise #8

March 07, 2023

Problem 1.

The secant method for the solution of one-dimensional optimisation problems is given by the iteration

$$x_{k+1} = x_k - \frac{x_k - x_{k-1}}{f'(x_k) - f'(x_{k-1})} f'(x_k).$$

Show that this method coincides with both the BFGS and the DFP Quasi-Newton methods without line search.

Problem 2. (See N&W, Problem 6.1.a)

Consider a line search method $x_{k+1} = x_k + \alpha_k p_k$ with search direction

$$p_k = -B_k^{-1} \nabla f(x_k),$$

where $B_k \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times d}$ is a positive definite, symmetric matrix. Denote $s_k = x_{k+1} - x_k$ and $y_k = \nabla f(x_{k+1}) - \nabla f(x_k)$.

Show that the curvature condition (see N&W, eq. (6.7))

 $\langle s_k, y_k \rangle > 0$

holds for all step lengths $\alpha_k > 0$, if *f* is a strictly convex function and $\nabla f(x_k) \neq 0$.

Problem 3.

One possibility for lowering the memory requirements of the BFGS-method is to reset the matrix B_k (or its inverse H_k) to the identity matrix after each *j*-th step for some fixed number j.¹ For j = 1 this leads (with the notation of the lecture and Nocedal & Wright, Chapter 6) to the update

$$H_{k+1} = \left(\mathrm{Id} - \frac{s_k y_k^T}{y_k^T s_k} \right) \left(\mathrm{Id} - \frac{y_k s_k^T}{y_k^T s_k} \right) + \frac{s_k s_k^T}{y_k^T s_k}$$

Assume now that this method is implemented with an exact line search. Show that this yields a non-linear CG-method, where the search directions are defined by

$$p_{k+1} = -\nabla f_{k+1} + \beta_{k+1} p_k$$

with

$$\beta_{k+1} = \frac{\nabla f_{k+1}^T (\nabla f_{k+1} - \nabla f_k)}{(\nabla f_{k+1} - \nabla f_k)^T p_k}$$

1

(this is the *Hestenes–Stiefel method*, cf. Nocedal & Wright, p. 123).

(Hint: You may need to show in a first step that an exact line search implies that $\nabla f_{k+1}^T p_k = 0 = \nabla f_{k+1}^T s_k$.)

¹More sophisticated methods are described in Nocedal & Wright, Chapter 7.2.



Problem 4.

Implement the BFGS method for the minimisation of the Rosenbrock function.

Note that you will require a Wolfe line search in order to ensure that the matrices stay positive definite and the search directions are actually descent directions.