

COMPLEX ANALYSIS

Peter Lindqvist
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- ① Study the convergence of
- $$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(nz)}{2^n}$$
- in the complex plane.

- ② Show that "KOEBE's Function"
- $$w = f(z) = \frac{z}{(1-z)^2}, \quad |z| < 1,$$
- is univalent in the unit disc $|z| < 1$.
Find the image of the unit disc.

- ③ Determine the limit function of
- $$f^{\circ}(z) = \frac{1}{z^2} + \sum_{\omega \neq 0} \left\{ \frac{1}{(z-\omega)^2} - \frac{1}{\omega^2} \right\},$$

where $\omega = n_1 \omega_1 + n_2 \omega_2$, as $\omega_2 \rightarrow \infty$.
For simplicity, $\omega_1 = 1$. (I identify a trigonometric function.)

- ④ Determine the smallest integer $k \geq 1$ for which the product

$$z \prod_{\omega \neq 0} \left(1 - \frac{z}{\omega}\right) e^{\frac{z}{\omega} + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{z}{\omega}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{z}{\omega}\right)^3 + \dots + \frac{1}{k}\left(\frac{z}{\omega}\right)^k}$$

converges absolutely.

$$\omega = n_1 \omega_1 + n_2 \omega_2,$$

$$\operatorname{Im}\left(\frac{\omega_1}{\omega_2}\right) \neq 0.$$

⑤ Calculate $\zeta(0)$ using

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{e^{-i\pi s} \Gamma(1-s)}{2\pi i} \int_{\gamma} \frac{z^{-s-1}}{e^z - 1} dz$$



" $1 + 1 + 1 + \dots = -\frac{1}{2}$ "

⑥ Derive the duplication formula

$$f_0(2z) = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{f_0''(z)}{f_0'(z)} \right)^2 - 2f_0(z)$$

from the addition formula for Weierstrass's f_0 -function.

⑦ Prove the Phragmen-Lindelöf Theorem.
Assume that $f(z)$ is analytic in the upper half-plane $\text{Im}(z) > 0$. Denote

$$M(n) = \sup_{\substack{|z|=n \\ \text{Im}(z) > 0}} |f(z)|$$



If $\limsup_{z \rightarrow x} |f(z)| \leq 1$

at all points $-\infty < x < \infty$ and

$\liminf_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{\log M(n)}{n} \right) \leq 0$, then $|f(z)| \leq 1$ in the whole half-plane.