



① Show

$$(1+q)(1+q^2)(1+q^4)(1+q^8)\dots$$

$$= 1+q+q^2+q^3+\dots, \text{ when } |q| < 1$$

② Show that

$$\prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{i}{n}\right) \text{ diverges; } \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left|1 + \frac{i}{n}\right| \text{ converges. } (i^2 = -1)$$

③

Let $c > 0$.

$$\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{c-i\infty}^{c+i\infty} \frac{a^z}{z} dz = \begin{cases} 1, & a > 1, \\ 0, & 0 < a < 1. \end{cases}$$

④

$$\frac{\sin(z)}{z} = \cos\left(\frac{z}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{z}{4}\right) \cos\left(\frac{z}{8}\right) \dots$$

⑤

Assume that $\sum |a_n|^2 < \infty$. Then $\prod (1+a_n)$ converges if and only if $\sum a_n$ converges.

⑥

Give an example of $\prod (1+b_n) = 0$ & $\sum b_n$ converges

(All $b_n \neq -1$). \nwarrow Diverges to zero

