

FOURIER ANALYSIS / last

① $\cos(x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(5x) + \dots + \cos((2N-1)x) = ?$

② Show that

$$\frac{1}{2} + \cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(3x) + \dots$$

diverges at every point.

⑨ $f(x) \geq 0$
 $\Rightarrow |c_0| \leq |c_n|$
 for all indices n
 Fourier coefficients!

③ Why is the function

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(n^2 x)}{n^2}$$


continuous? Hint Weierstrass's M-test.

④ $|\sin(x)| = \frac{8}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2(nx)}{4n^2 - 1}$

⑤ $f(x) = \sum_{\nu} c_{\nu} e^{i\nu x} \Rightarrow$
 $\frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} f\left(\frac{x}{N} + \frac{2\pi k}{N}\right) = \sum_{\nu} c_{\nu N} e^{i\nu x}$

⑥ $\widehat{\widehat{f}}(\omega) = ? ; \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{F}\{f\}))) = ?$

⑦ $\widehat{\sin(x)} = ? ; [\sin(x)]_+ = ?$
 Distributions!
 + = pos. part.

⑩ The unit circle is totally insulated with initial temperature $f(\theta)$. Solve $\frac{\partial y}{\partial t} = k \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \theta^2}, t > 0$
 $u(\theta, 0) = f(\theta)$

 "Fourier's Ring"