

FOURIER ANALYSIS

φv. 5 (25. II. 2013)

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(1) Apply the Poisson summation formula to $f(x) = e^{-a|x|}$, $a > 0$. Conclude that

$$\frac{\cosh[a(\pi-x)]}{\sinh(a\pi)} = \frac{1}{a\pi} + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{a}{a^2+n^2} \cos(nx)$$

when $0 \leq x \leq \pi$. (See §5.5 / Ex. 19a, b.)

(2) $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \left\{ \sqrt{t} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-n^2 t \pi} \right\} = ?$

(3) §5.6, Problem 2

(4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-i\omega x} dx}{\cosh(x\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}})} = \frac{1}{\cosh(\omega\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}})}$ (!)

(5) Let $\hat{f}(\xi) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} f(x) e^{-2\pi i \langle x, \xi \rangle} dx$

If f is a radial function^{*)}, so is \hat{f} . Prove this by showing that $\hat{f}(\xi) \equiv \hat{f}(U\xi)$ for each unitary matrix.

*) i.e. $f(x) = f(|x|)$, $|x| = \sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2 + \dots + x_n^2}$