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a)

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} e^t, & x \in [a, b] \\ 0, & \text{ellers} \end{cases}$$

$$F(f) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) \cdot e^{-i\omega t} dt$$

$$\sqrt{2\pi} F(f) = \int_a^b e^t \cdot e^{-i\omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_a^b e^{(1-i\omega)t} dt$$

$$= \left[\frac{e^{(1-i\omega)t}}{1-i\omega} \right]_a^b$$

$$= \frac{e^{(1-i\omega)b} - e^{(1-i\omega)a}}{1-i\omega}$$

$$b) \quad f(t) = e^{-|t|} \sin(t)$$

$$\sqrt{2\pi} F(f) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{-i\omega t} dt$$

$$\sin(t) = \frac{1}{2} (e^{it} - e^{-it})$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-|t|} \frac{1}{2} (e^{it} - e^{-it}) e^{-i\omega t} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\underbrace{e^{-|t|+it-i\omega t}}_{(I)} - \underbrace{e^{-|t|-it-i\omega t}}_{(II)} \right) dt$$

$$(I) = \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{t+it-i\omega t} dt + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t+it-i\omega t} dt$$

$$= \left[\frac{e^{(1+i-i\omega)t}}{1+i-i\omega} \right]_{-\infty}^0$$

$$+ \left[\frac{e^{-(1+i-i\omega)t}}{-1+i-i\omega} \right]_0^{\infty}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1+i-i\omega} - 0$$

$$+ 0 - \frac{1}{-1+i-i\omega}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1+(1-\omega)i} + \frac{1}{1-(1-\omega)i}$$

$$= \frac{2}{(1 + (1-\omega)i)(1 - (1-\omega)i)} = \frac{2}{1 + (1-\omega)^2}$$

$$= (I).$$

$$(II) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-|t| - it - i\omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{t - it - i\omega t} dt + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t - it - i\omega t} dt$$

$$= \left[\frac{e^{(1-i-i\omega)t}}{1-i-i\omega} \right]_{-\infty}^0 + \left[\frac{e^{(-1-i-i\omega)t}}{-1-i-i\omega} \right]_0^{\infty}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1-i-i\omega} + \frac{-1}{-1-i-i\omega}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1-(1+\omega)i} + \frac{1}{1+(1+\omega)i}$$

$$= \frac{1 + (1+\omega)i + 1 - (1+\omega)i}{1 + (1+\omega)^2} = \frac{2}{1 + (1+\omega)^2} = (II)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\sqrt{2\pi} F(\omega) &= \frac{1}{2} ((I) - (II)) \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{1 + (1-\omega)^2} - \frac{2}{1 + (1+\omega)^2} \right) \\
&= \frac{1}{1 + (1-\omega)^2} - \frac{1}{1 + (1+\omega)^2} .
\end{aligned}$$

c)

$$\begin{aligned}
f(t) &= e^{-|t|} \cos(t), \quad \cos(t) = \frac{1}{2} (e^{it} + e^{-it}) \\
&= \frac{1}{2} e^{-|t|} (e^{it} + e^{-it})
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\sqrt{2\pi} F(\omega) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{-i\omega t} dt \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} e^{-|t|} (e^{it} + e^{-it}) e^{-i\omega t} dt \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{\underbrace{-|t| + it - i\omega t}} + e^{\underbrace{-|t| - it - i\omega t}} dt
\end{aligned}$$

$$(I) = \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{t + it - i\omega t} dt + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t + it - i\omega t} dt$$

$$= \left[\frac{e^{(1+i-i\omega)t}}{1+i-i\omega} \right]_{-\infty}^0 + \left[\frac{e^{(-1+i-i\omega)t}}{-1+i-i\omega} \right]_0^{\infty}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1+i-i\omega} + 0 - \frac{1}{-1+i-i\omega}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1+(1-\omega)i} + \frac{1}{1-(1-\omega)i} \quad (*)$$

$$= \frac{2}{1+(1-\omega)^2} = (I)$$

$$(*) = \frac{1-(1-\omega)i}{(1+(1-\omega)i)(1-(1-\omega)i)} + \frac{1+(1-\omega)i}{(1-(1-\omega)i)(1+(1-\omega)i)}$$

$$= \frac{2}{1+(1-\omega)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(\text{II}) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-|t| - it - i\omega t} dt \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{t - it - i\omega t} dt + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t - it - i\omega t} dt \\
&= \left[\frac{e^{(1-i-i\omega)t}}{1-i-i\omega} \right]_{-\infty}^0 + \left[\frac{e^{(-1-i-i\omega)t}}{-1-i-i\omega} \right]_0^{\infty} \\
&= \frac{1}{1-i-i\omega} + 0 - \frac{1}{-1-i-i\omega} \\
&= \frac{1}{1-(1+\omega)i} + \frac{1}{1+(1+\omega)i} \\
&= \frac{2}{1+(1+\omega)^2} = (\text{II})
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathcal{F}(f) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{1}{2} ((\text{I}) + (\text{II})) \\
&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2a}} \left(\frac{1}{1+(1-\omega)^2} + \frac{1}{1+(1+\omega)^2} \right).
\end{aligned}$$