

① We know that the solutions of the problem

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = k \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} & (0 < x < \pi, t > 0) \\ u(0, t) = \underline{0} = u(\pi, t) & (t > 0) \end{cases}$$

are all given by the expression

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \sin(nx) e^{-n^2 kt}$$

Solve the Heat Equation $\frac{\partial v}{\partial t} = k \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2}$

with

$$\begin{cases} \text{initial temperature } v(x, 0) = \frac{3}{2} & (0 < x < \pi), \\ \text{end points kept at} \\ u(0, t) = \underline{1}, u(\pi, t) = \underline{2} & (t > 0) \end{cases}$$

② $\begin{cases} y''(t) + 2y'(t) + 2y(t) = \delta(t-3), \\ y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0. \end{cases}$ ↑ DIRAC'S DELTA

③ The Wave Eqn has the solution $v(x, t) = x^2 - c^2 t^2 + \frac{1}{2c} \int_{x-ct}^{x+ct} e^{-\xi^2} d\xi$.

First, split $x^2 - c^2 t^2$ as

$$x^2 - c^2 t^2 = \frac{f(x-ct) + f(x+ct)}{2} \quad \text{Find } \left. \frac{\partial v(x, t)}{\partial t} \right|_{t=0} = ?$$

- ④ Draw the curve
 $|z-1||z+1| = 1$ (Bernoulli's lemniscate)
 in the complex plane.

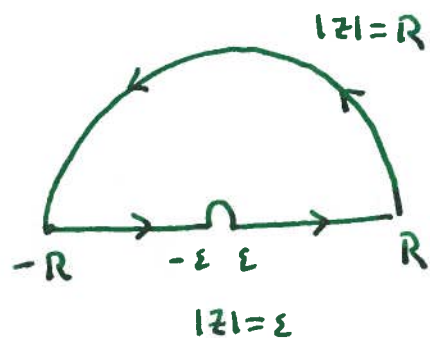
- ⑤ Find some number $R > 0$ such that

$$\frac{11}{10+e^x} = 1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n x^n$$

converges at least for $-R < x < R$.

- ⑥ Evaluate the integral

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\log(x)}{x^2+3^2} dx$$



Hint: $\log(z) = \ln|z| + i\theta$,
 when $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$, $z = re^{i\theta}$.

- ⑦ Determine the real constants a, b
 and the function $v(x, y)$ so that

$f(z) = ax^2 + by^2 + i v(x, y)$, $i^2 = -1$
 is analytic!

⑧ $i^{-i} = ?$

⑨ $\oint z^2 e^{\frac{1}{z}} dz = ?$

$|z| = 2018$