



Norwegian University of Science
and Technology
Department of Mathematical
Sciences

TMA4100 Calculus 1
Fall 2013

Exercise set 11
Week 45 (November 4 - 8)

1: Maple TA-problem The semicircular plate $x^2 + y^2 \leq a^2$, $y \geq 0$ has mass $m = 4\pi$ and center of mass in $(0, \frac{3}{\pi})$. If the density at a distance s from the origin is given by $\rho(s) = ks$, find k and the radius a .

Hint: Example 2, page 418 in Adams, and [Center of Mass](#).

2: Exam 1997 in SIF 5003, problem 4 Define the function F by

$$F(x) = \int_1^x \sqrt{t^3 - 1} dt,$$

for $x \geq 1$.

- a) Find the length of the curve $y = F(x)$ when $1 \leq x \leq 2$. Hint: [Arclength](#).
- b) Find the area of the object we get when we revolve the curve from a) about the line $x = 1$.

3: Swimming Pool a) A pool 20 m long and 8 m wide has a sloping plane bottom so that the pool is 1 m deep at one end and 3 m deep at the other end. Find the total force exerted on the bottom if the pool is full of water.

- b) Find the total work that must be done to pump all the water out of the pool.

4: Exam 2002 in SIF 5003, problem 5 a) Let a be a positive constant. Find the length of the curve

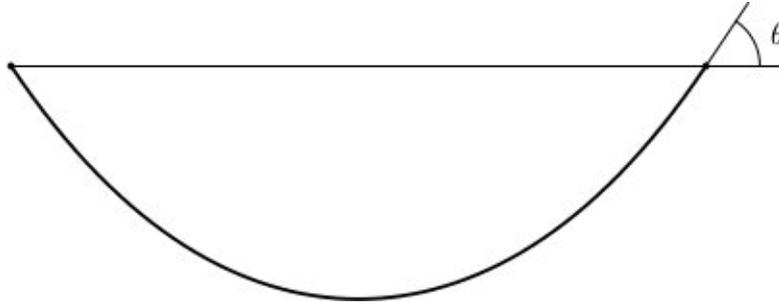
$$y = \frac{\cosh ax}{a}$$

for $-1 \leq x \leq 1$.

- b) Explain why the equation $x \tanh x = 1$ has exactly one positive solution x_0 . Use Newton's Method to find an approximation to x_0 .

c) *This is problem might be somewhat challenging.*

The curve in problem a) describes a cable of uniform thickness and density which is hanging freely between two points, as illustrated below.



The tensile force (*strekkräften*) on the cable in the point $x = 1$ equals half the mass of the cable divided by $\sin \theta$, where θ is the angle marked on the figure.

What value of a gives the least tensile force in the point $x = 1$? How far down does the midpoint of the cable hang, compared to the end points?