



NSM's cryptographic recommendations

NKS 2024

Thomas Gregersen
NSM center for applied cryptology

Why do we produce cryptographic recommendations?

- ▶ We are in touch with many parties in need of specific advice on choosing correct cryptographic mechanisms
- ▶ At times, some parties touch upon work where specialist knowledge is needed, but where no such knowledge is present beforehand
- ▶ To prepare for talks on these matters, the document serves as a foundation for discussion and as a lookup when needed

- ▶ Responsible parties for procurement in need of cryptographic advice
 - ▶ Responsible parties in cybersecurity
 - ▶ Developers who need to work on cryptographic matters in general systems
 - ▶ +++
-
- ▶ In general terms, we target those who are dependent on cryptography but who do not have detailed knowledge of its workings

- ▶ Recommendations on algorithms and parameter choices
- ▶ Recommendations on how to use cryptography:
 - ▶ Key management
 - ▶ Random number generation

- ▶ A draft version has been out there for some time ¹
- ▶ Was circulated to receive feedback over this summer
- ▶ The final version is now ready

- ▶ We would like additional feedback even if the document has reached its final form

¹<https://nsm.no/fagomrader/digital-sikkerhet/kryptosikkerhet/kryptografiske-anbefalinger/>

Relevant quantum computers will break important cryptographic primitives if they reach sufficient maturity

- ▶ Quantum-safe algorithms are on their way and will be rolled out in any case
- ▶ In turn, this is a natural time for a revision
- ▶ We would like our partners to start their process of migration (chart and evaluate their infrastructure, find problematic areas if present)
- ▶ Other updates as needed
- ▶ Our plans for the migration process are available²

²<https://nsm.no/kvantemigrasjon>

- ▶ Recommendations on quantum safe cryptography
- ▶ Fewer choices, simplicity as a foundation
- ▶ Recommendations on handling passwords
- ▶ In our minds a more enlightening text

- ▶ Cryptographic software
- ▶ Key management
- ▶ Random number generation
- ▶ Quantum computers

- ▶ General-purpose encryption: AES-GCM (Default), ChaCha20Poly1305/AES-GCM-SIV (Alternates),
- ▶ Hashing: SHA-3/SHA-2
- ▶ Disk encryption: XTS-AES (D)
- ▶ MAC: HMAC/KMAC
- ▶ KDF: HKDF/KMAC
- ▶ Password hashing: PBKDF2 (D), Argon2id (A)

Our advice for a quantum safe beginning: A hybrid solution

- ▶ ECDH
- ▶ ML-KEM
- ▶ Combine the two to form one shared secret

Hybrid?

Until we feel there is enough trust in ML-KEM, we like hybridisation with an algorithm we know well to avoid single point of failure

Our advice for a quantum safe beginning: Another hybrid solution

- ▶ ECDSA
- ▶ ML-DSA
- ▶ Both signatures must be verified

Alternate signature: SLH-DSA (special cases where it fits, can be used alone)

- ▶ There are unsafe combinations of secure algorithms
- ▶ Correct parameters are a foundation
- ▶ We would like to give sound advice on the use of
 - ▶ TLS
 - ▶ IPsec (possibly)
 - ▶ SSH (possibly)
 - ▶ Other things (open to comments from you!)

- ▶ The document will be revised as needed, we will continue to use it as a guideline to the general public
- ▶ A version in norwegian will appear later
- ▶ You may follow developments³
- ▶ Please let us know if you have comments (have a look at the final page)!

³nsm.no/kryptoanbefalinger

Questions/comments?

Send your feedback to
`arne-tobias-malkenes.odegaard@nsm.no`



`nsm.no`