

## EXERCISES FOR MA8203 ALGEBRAIC GEOMETRY

UPDATED LAST: APRIL 6, 2021

The numbered exercises come from Daniel Perrin's textbook.

### Chapter I Exercises. Due 1 February

- 1
- 2
- 7, assume  $k$  is infinite
- 8

### Chapter II Exercises. Due 1 March

- 1
- 5: you can use Macaulay2 to help find the resolution in part (c)

### Chapter III Exercises. Due 15 March

- Exercises about sheaves from class.
  - (1) Let  $\mathcal{F}$  be a sheaf on a topological space  $X$  and let  $U \subseteq X$  be open. Show that  $\mathcal{F}|_U$  is a sheaf on  $U$ .
  - (2) Let  $\pi : X \rightarrow Y$  be a continuous map of topological spaces and let  $\mathcal{F}$  be a sheaf on  $X$ . Show that  $\pi_*\mathcal{F}$ , defined by  $\pi_*\mathcal{F}(V) = \mathcal{F}(\pi^{-1}(V))$ , is a sheaf on  $Y$ .
  - (3) Let  $\mathcal{F}$  be a sheaf of rings on a topological space  $X$ .
    - (a) If  $p \in X$ , show that  $\mathcal{F}_p$  is a ring.
    - (b) If  $(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$  is a ringed space, and  $\mathcal{F}$  is an  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -module, show that  $\mathcal{F}_p$  is an  $\mathcal{O}_{X,p}$ -module.
  - (4) Show that a sequence  $0 \rightarrow \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{G}$  of sheaves of abelian groups on  $X$  is exact if and only if  $0 \rightarrow \mathcal{F}(U) \rightarrow \mathcal{G}(U)$  is exact for every open set  $U \subseteq X$ . Bonus: give an example to show a similar statement is not true for surjections. (corrected 14/3)
- Exercises about algebraic varieties from class. (added 3/3)
  - (5) Let  $(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$  be an algebraic variety and let  $x \in X$ . Prove that  $\mathcal{O}_{X,x}$  is a local ring with maximal ideal  $m = \{f \in \mathcal{O}_{X,x} \mid f(x) = 0\}$ .
  - (6) Let  $(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$  be an algebraic variety. Show that  $\mathcal{O}_X$  is a coherent sheaf.
  - (7) Show that the homomorphism

$$\varphi : (k[X_0, \dots, X_n]_{FX_0})_0 \rightarrow k[X_1, \dots, X_n]_{\flat F}$$

defined by  $P/(FX_0)^r \mapsto (\flat P)/(\flat F)^r$  is an isomorphism of rings, where  $F \in k[X_0, \dots, X_n]$  is homogeneous. (Refer to the end of the notes from class on 2 March; this is a piece of the proof of III.8.4, to show that a projective variety is an algebraic variety.)

- Exercises A, 1
- Exercises B, 2 (added 3/3) Also, after doing this exercise, try the following two examples (added 14/3):

- (a) Let  $R = k[X]$  and  $M = R/(X^2)$ . Write out the resolution of  $M$ .
- (b) Let  $R = k[X, Y]$  and  $M = k$ . Write out the resolution of  $M$ .

**Chapter IV Exercises.** Due 19 April (Added 26/3)

- (a) Exercise IV, #1 on affine intersections (page 83)
- (b) Exercise IV, #2 on projective intersections (page 84)
- (c) Give your own example which illustrates the dimension theorem (Theorem 3.7 on page 78-79).
- (d) Appendix C: Problems, Problem I.1 (a,b,c,d,e) on page 216. This is about products of affine algebraic varieties.

**Chapter V Exercises.** Due 19 April (Added 26/3)

- (a) Prove: If  $V$  is an algebraic variety and  $x \in V$  is a point, then  $x$  is non-singular in  $V$  if and only if the local ring  $\mathcal{O}_{V,x}$  is regular.
- (b) Exercise #2, choose one or two of the examples (page 98)
- (c) Exercise #7 (page 99)