

## MA3203 - Problem Set 7 Answers and Hints

- 1a) From the previous problem set, we know  $N$  appears in a composition series for  $M$ . Since  $\ell(M) = \ell(N)$ , this will also be a composition series for  $M$ .
- 3a) Consider the commutative diagram corresponding to a morphism  $M(1, \lambda) \rightarrow M(1, \lambda')$ .

$$\begin{array}{ccc} K & \xrightarrow[\lambda]{1} & K \\ \downarrow \mu & & \downarrow \mu' \\ K & \xrightarrow[\lambda']{1} & K \end{array}$$

If  $\lambda = \lambda'$ , then this diagram commutes for any  $\mu = \mu' \in K$ . Otherwise, this diagram only commutes if  $\mu = 0 = \mu'$ .

- 3c) Write  $K^n \cong K \oplus K^{n-1}$ . Define  $\phi : M(n-1, \lambda) \rightarrow M(n, \lambda)$  so that  $\phi_i$  is the inclusion map  $K^{n-1} \rightarrow K \oplus K^{n-1}$  for  $i \in \{1, 2\}$ . Likewise, define  $\psi : M(n, \lambda) \rightarrow M(1, \lambda)$  so that  $\psi_i$  is the projection map  $K \oplus K^{n-1} \rightarrow K$  for  $i \in \{1, 2\}$ . These maps give the desired exact sequence.