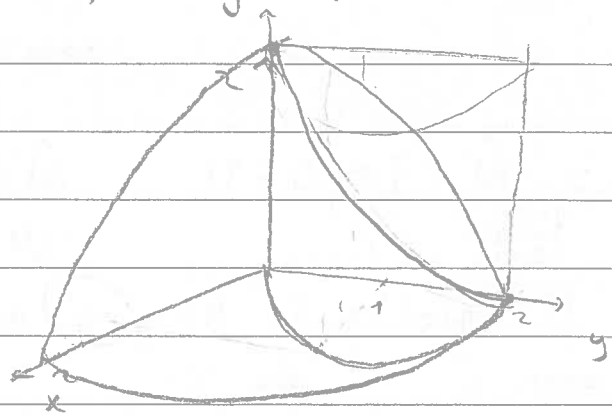


els: $F(x,y,z) = [xz, yz-z, z^2+y-4]$

$S: \begin{cases} x^2 + (y-1)^2 = 1 \\ x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4 \end{cases}$
1-obdant



Verifier divgenstorkmet: $\iiint_R \text{div } F \, dV = \iint_S F \cdot \vec{N} \, dS$

① $\iiint_R \text{div } F \, dV : \text{div } F = z + z + 2z = 4z$

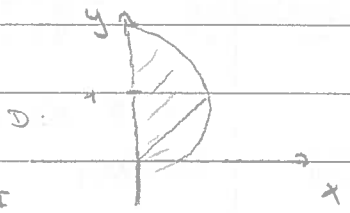
Grænser: $0 \leq z \leq \sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}$

$(x,y) \in D$

$x = r \cos \theta$
 $y = r \sin \theta$

$0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$

$x^2 + (y-1)^2 = 1$
 $x^2 + y^2 - 2y + 1 = 1$
 $r^2 - 2r \sin \theta = 0$
 $r(r - 2 \sin \theta) = 0$
 $r = 0 \vee r = 2 \sin \theta$



$\Rightarrow \iiint_R \text{div } F \, dV = \iint_D \int_0^{\sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}} 4z \, dz \, dA$

$= \iint_D [2z^2]_0^{\sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}} \, dA = \iint_D 2(4-x^2-y^2) \, dA$

$= \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{2 \sin \theta} 2(4-r^2) r \, dr \, d\theta = 2 \int_0^{\pi/2} [2r^2 - \frac{1}{4}r^4]_0^{2 \sin \theta} \, d\theta$

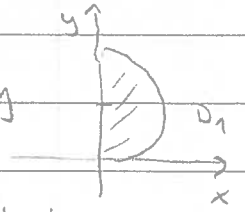
$= \dots = \underline{\underline{\frac{5\pi}{2}}}$

② Fluxes: $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{N}} dS = \iint_{\text{top}} \mathbf{F} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{N}} dS + \iint_{\text{bunn}} \mathbf{F} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{N}} dS + \iint_{\text{backegg}} \mathbf{F} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{N}} dS + \iint_{\text{front}} \mathbf{F} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{N}} dS$

bunn: $\hat{\mathbf{N}} = [0, 0, -1]$, $\hat{\mathbf{N}} dS = [0, 0, -1] dx dy$

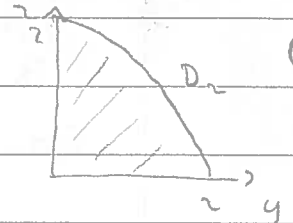
$\iint_{\text{bunn}} \mathbf{F} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{N}} dS = \iint_{D_1} (4 - y(-z^2)) dx dy = \iint_{D_1} (4 + rz^2) r dr d\theta$

$= \dots = \frac{3\pi}{2}$



backegg: $\hat{\mathbf{N}} dS = [-1, 0, 0] dy dz$

$\iint_{\text{backegg}} \mathbf{F} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{N}} dS = \iint_{D_2} -x^2 dy dz = 0$



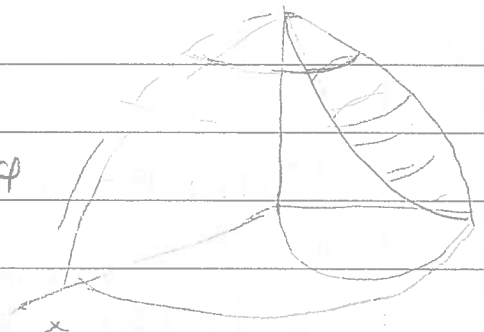
topp: $\begin{cases} x = 2 \cos \theta \sin \phi \\ y = 2 \sin \theta \sin \phi \\ z = 2 \cos \phi \end{cases}$

$\hat{\mathbf{N}} dS = \frac{1}{2} [x, y, z]$
 $dS = 2^2 \sin \phi d\theta d\phi$

$\iint_{\text{topp}} \mathbf{F} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{N}} dS$

$= \frac{1}{2} \iint_{\text{topp}} (x^2 z + y^2 z - 2y + z^3 + 2yz - 4z) dS$

$= \frac{1}{2} \iint_{\text{topp}} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)z - 4z dS = \frac{1}{2} \iint_{\text{topp}} 4z - 4z dS = 0$



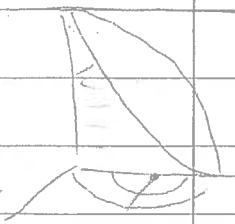
$-\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$

$0 \leq z$

$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4 \wedge x^2 + y^2 = 2y$
 $z^2 = 4 - x^2 - y^2 = 4 - 2y$
 $z = \sqrt{4 - 2y} = \sqrt{4 - 2(\sin \theta + 1)}$
 $= \sqrt{2 - 2 \sin \theta}$

$\phi \in [0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$

$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$
 $2y + z^2 = 4$
 $2 \cdot 2 \sin \theta \sin \phi + 4 \cos^2 \phi = 4$
 $\sin \theta \sin \phi = 1 - \cos^2 \phi = \sin^2 \phi$
 $\sin \theta = \sin \phi \implies \theta = \phi$



front: $x^2 + (y-1)^2 = 1$

$\hat{\mathbf{N}} = [x, y-1, 0]$, $dS = 1 dr dz$

$\iint_{\text{front}} \mathbf{F} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{N}} dS = \iint_{\text{front}} (x^2 z + y^2 z - yz - yz + z) dS = \iint_{\text{front}} z dS = \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\sqrt{2-2 \sin \theta}} z dz d\theta$

$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} [z^2]_0^{\sqrt{2-2 \sin \theta}} d\theta = \dots = \pi$