



Norwegian University of  
Science and Technology

Department of Mathematical Sciences

## Examination paper for **MA1101 Grunnkurs i Analyse I**

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**Problem 1** Let

$$f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x) = xe^{-x} + 1.$$

- a) Find the second degree Taylor polynomial of  $f$  at the point  $x_0 = \ln 2$ .
- b) What are the global minimum and the global maximum of  $f$ ?

**Problem 2** Decide if each of the following statements is true or false. (You do not need to justify your answers).

- a) Every Riemann-integrable function  $f : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is continuous on  $[a, b]$ .
- b) Every convergent sequence  $(a_n)_{n=1}^{\infty} \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  is also bounded.
- c) Every continuous function  $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is also uniformly continuous.
- d)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{\sinh x} = 1$ .
- e) If  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is twice differentiable on  $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $f''(x_0) = 0$ , then  $x_0$  is an inflection point (saddle point) of  $f$ .

**Problem 3** Evaluate the following integrals.

$$\int_2^3 \frac{1}{x(x-1)^2} dx, \quad \int_0^{\pi} x \sin x dx, \quad \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx.$$

**Problem 4** Solve the integral equation

$$y(x) = \int_0^x 2t \cdot (1 + y^2(t)) dt.$$

**Problem 5** Evaluate the following series.

a)

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n+1)(n-1)}.$$

b)

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n}{n!}.$$

**Problem 6** Does the integral

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{x^2}{x^4 + 3} dx$$

converge or diverge? Justify your answer.

**Problem 7** Find the limit

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{k}{n(k+n)}.$$

**Problem 8** Let

$$A = [-1, 0) \cup (1, 2).$$

- a) Find  $\sup A$ . Justify your answer.
- b) Find (without proof)  $\inf A$ ,  $\max A$  and  $\min A$ .

**Problem 9** Suppose the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$  converges. Prove that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (a_{n-1}a_{n+1} - a_n^2) = 0.$$

Justify your answer. (*Anything that was taught in the lectures can be used without proof.*)

**Problem 10** Find the values of the real number  $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$  for which the integral

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{(e^x - e^{-x})^\lambda} dx$$

converges and diverges, respectively. Justify your answer.