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You may write solutions in Norwegian or English, as preferable. The most important part is how you arrive at an answer, not the answer itself.

1 Let $y: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, x \mapsto \frac{1}{a+b x}$, where $a \neq 0, b \neq 0$.
a) Find $\frac{\mathrm{d}^{3} y}{(\mathrm{~d} x)^{3}}(x)$.
b) Find a general formula for $\frac{\mathrm{d}^{n} y}{(\mathrm{~d} x)^{n}}(x)$ for $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Give an argument for it.

2 Show that

$$
\sin (2 x)>x \quad \text { when } \quad 0<x<\frac{\pi}{8} .
$$

Prove it analytically, not graphically.

3 The volume $V$ in a water tank can be described using the formula

$$
V(t)=350(20-t)^{2} \mathrm{~L}, \quad t \geq 0 .
$$

The relevant physical unit is liters (L), and we count $t=0$ as the start time. The time $t$ is measured in minutes. How much water flows out per minute after 5 minutes; after 15 minutes?

4 Show that the function $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, x \mapsto x^{3}$ is increasing on the whole real line even though $f^{\prime}(x)$ is not positive at every point.

5 Use (formal) implicit differentiation to find the tangent to the curve $(x, y)$ when

$$
x^{2}+y^{2}+2 x y+x=1, \quad(x, y)=(0,1) .
$$

6 Let $z: \mathbb{R} \backslash A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, x \mapsto \tan \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$, where $A=\left\{x: x=\frac{\pi}{4}+\frac{k \pi}{2}, k \in \mathbb{Z}\right\}$. Show that

$$
\frac{\mathrm{d} x}{\mathrm{~d} z}=\frac{2}{1+z^{2}}, \quad \sin (x)=\frac{2 z}{1+z^{2}}, \quad \text { and } \quad \cos (x)=\frac{1-z^{2}}{1+z^{2}} .
$$

7 Determine

$$
\int \frac{2 x}{\sqrt{x^{2}+1}} \mathrm{~d} x
$$

8 Let $f: \mathbb{R} \backslash\{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, x \mapsto x-\frac{4}{x}$. Show that $f(-1)=f(4)$, but that there is no point $c \in(-1,4)$ such that $f^{\prime}(c)=0$. Why does this not contradict Rolle's theorem?

