

MA1101 Basic Calculus I Fall 2022

Exercise set 2

Norwegian University of Science and Technology Department of Mathematical Sciences

The deadline for this exercise is Friday Sep. 9. You may write solutions in Norwegian or English, as preferable. The most important part is *how* you arrive at an answer, not the answer itself.

- Which of the following sequences are bounded above/below (give a bound) and/or increasing/decreasing (give an argument)?
 - a) $(x_n)_{n\geq 1} = (n)_{n\geq 1}$
 - **b)** $(1,1,1,1,1,1,1,\cdots)$
 - c) $(1,-1,1,-2,1,-3,1,\cdots)$
 - d) The sequence $(x_n)_n$ given by

$$x_1 = \sqrt{2}, \quad x_{n+1} = \sqrt{2 + x_n}, \quad n \ge 1.$$

Hint: The sequence is convergent with $\lim_{n\to\infty} x_n = 2$.

- $\boxed{2}$ Find supremum, infimum and the limit of the sequence $(x_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$ given by $x_n=\frac{(-1)^n}{n}$. Use the definitions to show this rigorously.
- 3 Evaluate the limit or explain why it does not exist.
 - a) $\lim_{x \to -1} \frac{(x+1)^3}{x+1}$
 - **b)** $\lim_{x\to 2} \left(\frac{1}{x-2} \frac{1}{x^2-4} \right)$
 - c) $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{|3x-1|-|3x+1|}{x}$
- 4 Evaluate the limit or explain why it does not exist.
 - a) $\lim_{x\to 0} \sin\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)$
 - $\mathbf{b)} \lim_{x \to 0} x \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$

 $\boxed{\mathsf{5}}$ Use ε/δ to verify the indicated limit.

a)
$$\lim_{x \to 1} (2x + 2) = 4$$

b)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} x^2 = 0$$

6 Given a function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x^2} & \text{if } x \neq 0\\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0, \end{cases}$$

state where in its natural domain it is continuous, and where it is discontinuous.

7 Find k so that

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x \le 3\\ k - x^2 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$

is a continuous function.

8 Prove that if there are two limits a and b to the same real sequence $(x_n)_n$, then a = b.