

Norwegian University of Science and Technology

Department of Mathematical Sciences

Examination paper for MA0301 Elementary discrete mathematics
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Examination date: 10 August 2017 Examination time (from-to): 09:00-13:00 Permitted examination support material: D: No printed or hand-written support material is allowed. A specific basic calculator is allowed.
Language: English Number of pages: 3 Number of pages enclosed: 0

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Informasjon om trykking av eksamensoppgave
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Exercise 1: 15 points

Exercise 2: 10 points

Exercise 3: 15 points

Exercise 4: 15 points

Exercise 5: 20 points

Exercise 6: 15 points

Exercise 7: 10 points

Total: 100 points

Problem 1 Sets (15 points) Use only the laws of set theory to prove the following statements for arbitrary sets A, B, C.

- 1. **(7 points)**
- If $(A \cup B) \subseteq (A \cap B)$ then A = B.
- 2. **(4 points)**

 $\overline{A \cap B} = \overline{A} \cup \overline{B}$

3. **(4 points)**

$$A\cap (B\cup C)=(A\cap B)\cup (A\cap C)$$

Problem 2 Logic (10 points)

1. (6 points) Use the laws of logic to simplify:

$$\Big(p \vee (p \wedge q) \vee (p \wedge q \wedge \neg r)\Big) \wedge \Big((p \wedge r \wedge t) \vee t\Big)$$

2. (4 points) Use a truth table to show that:

$$\Big((a \wedge b) \longrightarrow c\Big) \Leftrightarrow \Big((a \longrightarrow c) \vee (b \longrightarrow c)\Big)$$

Problem 3 Equivalence relation (15 points)

- 1. (3 points) Write down the definition of an equivalence relation.
- 2. (2 points) Write down the definition of an equivalence class.
- 3. (10 points) Let $A := \{1, 2, 3\}$. Determine whether the following relations on A are equivalence relations. Give an argument in each case. If an equivalence relation is given determine the equivalence classes.
 - -i) (5 points) $R_1 := \{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (1,2), (2,1), (3,1), (1,3)\}$
 - -ii) (5 points) $R_2 := \{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (1,2), (2,1), (2,3), (3,2), (1,3), (3,1)\}$

Problem 4 Functions (15 points)

- 1. (2 points) Give the definition of a surjective (onto) function.
- 2. (3 points) Give the definition of an injective (one-to-one) function.
- 3. (5 points) Let $g: A \to B$ and $f: B \to C$ be two functions. Prove that if g and f are both injective, then $f \circ g: A \to C$ is injective.
- 4. (5 points) Define the function $f: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}$ by f(n) := 2n. Show that f is injective and that f is not surjective.

Problem 5 Induction (20 points)

1. (5 points) Show by induction that for all natural numbers

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} k(k+2)(k+4) = \frac{1}{4}n(n+1)(n+4)(n+5).$$

2. (7 points) Prove by induction that for all positive integers

$$2+6+10+\cdots+(4n-2)=2n^2$$
.

3. (8 points) Show by induction that $n^3 - n$ is divisible by 3 for any positive integer n. (Recall that a positive integer m is divisible by 3 provided that there exists a positive integer t so that m = 3t).

Problem 6 Finite state automata (15 points)

1. (10 points) Draw the state diagram D(M) of the automaton M with states $S := \{s_0, s_1, s_2\}$, accepting states $Y := \{s_0, s_2\}$, input alphabet $I := \{a, b\}$, described in the following state table T(M):

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} & \nu & \\ \hline & a & b \\ \hline s_0 & s_1 & s_0 \\ s_1 & s_2 & s_0 \\ s_2 & s_2 & s_1 \\ \end{array}$$

- 2. (5 points) Which of the following input words are accepted by M and which are not accepted by M?
 - 1) bbaab
 - 2) abbab
 - 3) aabbb
 - 4) babaab
 - 5) aaabbb

Problem 7 Graphs (10 points)

(10 points) Let G be an arbitrary finite connected planar graph with at least three vertices. Show that G contains at least one vertex of degree equal to or smaller than five.