and

$$x_2 + x_4 + x_6 = 10,$$
  $x_2, x_4, x_6 > 0.$  (4)

The number of integer solutions for Eq. (3) equals the number of integer solutions for

$$y_1 + y_3 + y_5 + y_7 = 1,$$
  $y_1, y_3, y_5, y_7 \ge 0.$ 

This number is  $\binom{4+1-1}{1} = \binom{4}{1} = 4$ . Similarly, for Eq. (4), the number of solutions is  $\binom{3+7-1}{7}=\binom{9}{7}=36$ . Consequently, by the rule of product there are  $4\cdot 36=144$  arrangements of five E's and 10 O's that determine seven runs, the first run starting with E.

The seven runs may also have the first run starting with an O and the last run ending with an O. So now let  $w_1$  count the number of O's in the first run,  $w_2$  the number of E's in the second run,  $w_3$  the number of O's in the third run, ..., and  $w_7$  the number of O's in the seventh run. Here we want the number of integer solutions for

$$w_1 + w_3 + w_5 + w_7 = 10,$$
  $w_1, w_3, w_5, w_7 > 0$ 

and

$$w_2 + w_4 + w_6 = 5,$$
  $w_2, w_4, w_6 > 0.$ 

Arguing as above, we find that the number of ways to arrange five E's and 10 O's, resulting in seven runs where the first run starts with an O, is  $\binom{4+6-1}{6}\binom{3+2-1}{2} = \binom{9}{6}\binom{4}{2} = 504$ .

Consequently, by the rule of sum, the five E's and 10 O's can be arranged in 144 + 504 =648 ways to produce seven runs.

## **EXERCISES 1.4**

- 1. In how many ways can 10 (identical) dimes be distributed among five children if (a) there are no restrictions? (b) each child gets at least one dime? (c) the oldest child gets at least two dimes?
- 2. In how many ways can 15 (identical) candy bars be distributed among five children so that the youngest gets only one or two of them?
- 3. Determine how many ways 20 coins can be selected from four large containers filled with pennies, nickels, dimes, and quarters. (Each container is filled with only one type of coin.)
- 4. A certain ice cream store has 31 flavors of ice cream available. In how many ways can we order a dozen ice cream cones if (a) we do not want the same flavor more than once? (b) a flavor may be ordered as many as 12 times? (c) a flavor may be ordered no more than 11 times?
- 5. a) In how many ways can we select five coins from a collection of 10 consisting of one penny, one nickel, one dime, one quarter, one half-dollar, and five (identical) Susan B. Anthony dollars?
  - b) In how many ways can we select n objects from a collection of size 2n that consists of n distinct and n identical objects?

- 6. Answer Example 1.32, where the 12 symbols being transmitted are four A's, four B's, and four C's.
- 7. Determine the number of integer solutions of

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 32,$$

where

**b)**  $x_i > 0, 1 \le i \le 4$ **a)**  $x_i \ge 0$ ,  $1 \le i \le 4$ 

c)  $x_1, x_2 \ge 5, x_3, x_4 \ge 7$ 

e)  $x_i \ge -2$ ,  $1 \le i \le 4$ **d**)  $x_i \ge 8$ ,  $1 \le i \le 4$ 

**f**)  $x_1, x_2, x_3 > 0, \quad 0 < x_4 \le 25$ 

- 8. In how many ways can a teacher distribute eight chocolate donuts and seven jelly donuts among three student helpers if each helper wants at least one donut of each kind?
- **9.** Columba has two dozen each of n different colored beads. If she can select 20 beads (with repetitions of colors allowed) in 230,230 ways, what is the value of n?
- 10. In how many ways can Lisa toss 100 (identical) dice so that at least three of each type of face will be showing?
- 11. Two n-digit integers (leading zeros allowed) are considered equivalent if one is a rearrangement of the other. (For example, 12033, 20331, and 01332 are considered equivalent five-digit integers.) (a) How many five-digit integers are not equivalent? (b) If the digits 1, 3, and 7 can appear at most once, how many nonequivalent five-digit integers are there?

12. Determine the number of integer solutions for

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5 < 40$$
,

where

a) 
$$x_i > 0$$
,  $1 \le i \le 5$ 

**b)** 
$$x_i \ge -3$$
,  $1 \le i \le 5$ 

- 13. In how many ways can we distribute eight identical white balls into four distinct containers so that (a) no container is left empty? (b) the fourth container has an odd number of balls
- 14. a) Find the coefficient of  $v^2w^4xz$  in the expansion of  $(3v + 2w + x + y + z)^8$ .
  - b) How many distinct terms arise in the expansion in part (a)?
- 15. In how many ways can Beth place 24 different books on four shelves so that there is at least one book on each shelf? (For any of these arrangements consider the books on each shelf to be placed one next to the other, with the first book at the left of the shelf.)

16. For which positive integer n will the equations

(1) 
$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + \cdots + x_{19} = n$$
, and

(2) 
$$y_1 + y_2 + y_3 + \cdots + y_{64} = n$$

have the same number of positive integer solutions?

- 17. How many ways are there to place 12 marbles of the same size in five distinct jars if (a) the marbles are all black? (b) each marble is a different color?
- 18. a) How many nonnegative integer solutions are there to the pair of equations  $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + \cdots + x_7 = 37$ ,  $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 6$ ?
  - **b)** How many solutions in part (a) have  $x_1, x_2, x_3 > 0$ ?
- 19. How many times is the print statement executed for the following program segment? (Here, i, j, k, and m are integer variables.)

**20.** In the following program segment, i, j, k, and counter are integer variables. Determine the value that the variable counter will have after the segment is executed.

21. Find the value of sum after the given program segment is executed. (Here i, j, k, increment, and sum are integer variables.)

for i for

incre

sum:

22. Consider and counter a integer) is set

£¢

We shall deter

the statement

is executed. (' of the program know that the For a fixed v in  $\binom{i+1}{2}$  execu quently,  $\binom{n+2}{3}$ mation formu

23. a) Given number o tinct cont

**b**) Show

24. Write a co

the integer so **a)**  $x_1 + y$ 

**b**)  $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_4 + x_5 +$ 

25. Consider each summar multiple of 41

26. Let n, m, compositions

27. Frannie to tails. In how of heads and